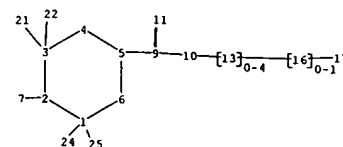


*Saved Online
over 200 Kbps
picked up.*



chain nodes :

7 9 10 11 13 16 17 21 22 24 25

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6

chain bonds :

1-24 1-25 2-7 3-21 3-22 5-9 9-10 9-11 10-13 13-16 16-17

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-9 9-10 9-11 10-13

exact bonds :

1-24 1-25 2-7 3-21 3-22 13-16 16-17

isolated ring systems :

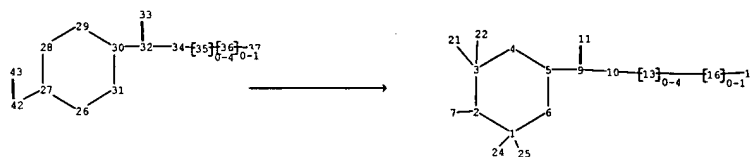
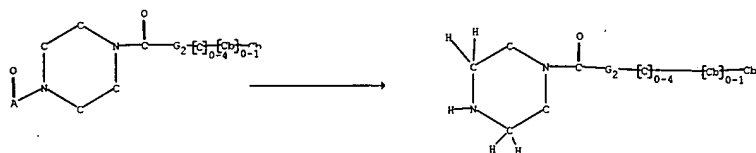
containing 1 :

G1:H,CH3

G2:O,S

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS
13:CLASS 16:Atom 17:Atom 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS



chain nodes :

7 9 10 11 13 16 17 21 22 24 25 32 33 34 35 36 37 42 43

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 26 27 28 29 30 31

chain bonds :

1-24 1-25 2-7 3-21 3-22 5-9 9-10 9-11 10-13 13-16 16-17 27-42 30-32 32-33
32-34 34-35 35-36 36-37 42-43

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 26-27 26-31 27-28 28-29 29-30 30-31

exact/norm bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-9 9-10 9-11 10-13 26-27 26-31 27-28 27-42 28-29
29-30 30-31 30-32 32-33 32-34 34-35 42-43

exact bonds :

1-24 1-25 2-7 3-21 3-22 13-16 16-17 35-36 36-37

isolated ring systems :

containing 1 :

G1:H,CH3

G2:O,S

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS
13:CLASS 16:Atom 17:Atom 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:Atom 27:Atom
28:Atom 29:Atom 30:Atom 31:Atom 32:CLASS 33:CLASS 34:CLASS 35:CLASS 36:Atom
37:Atom 42:CLASS 43:CLASS

fragments assigned product role:

containing 1

fragments assigned reactant/reagent role:

containing 26

10/010058

L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s l6

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:55:17 FILE 'CASREACT'

SCREENING COMPLETE - 154 REACTIONS TO VERIFY FROM 25 DOCUMENTS

100.0% DONE 154 VERIFIED 0 HIT RXNS

0 DOCS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED VERIFICATIONS: 2336 TO 3824

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L7 0 SEA SSS SAM L6 (0 REACTIONS)

=> s l6 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:55:47 FILE 'CASREACT'

SCREENING COMPLETE - 4173 REACTIONS TO VERIFY FROM 579 DOCUMENTS

100.0% DONE 4173 VERIFIED 8 HIT RXNS

4 DOCS

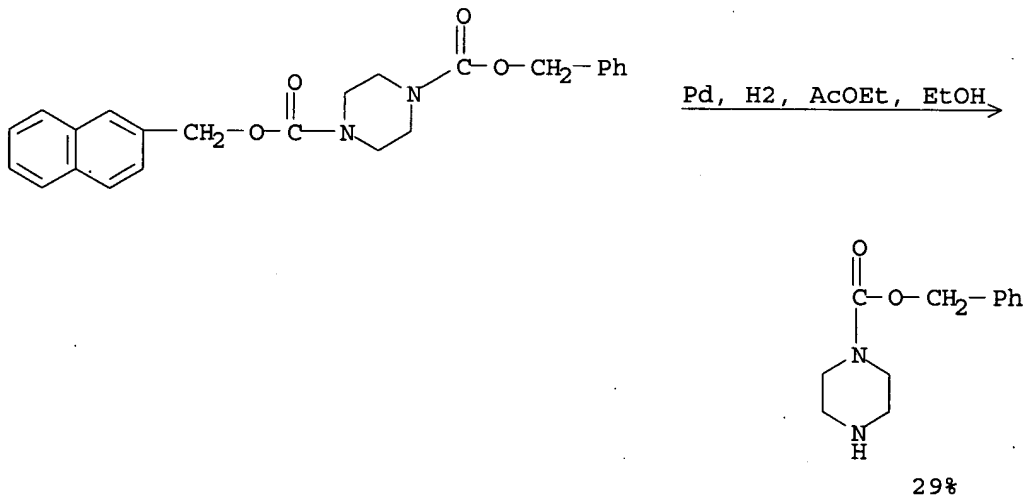
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L8 4 SEA SSS FUL L6 (8 REACTIONS)

=> d crd

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

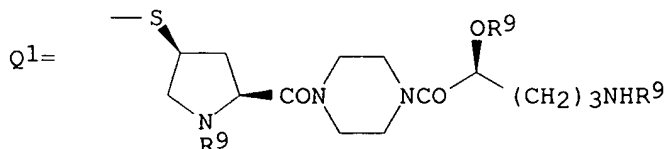
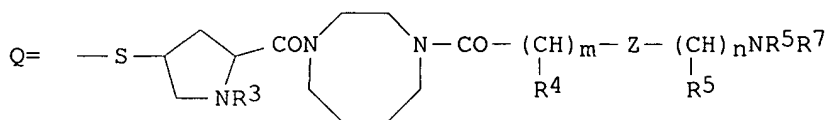
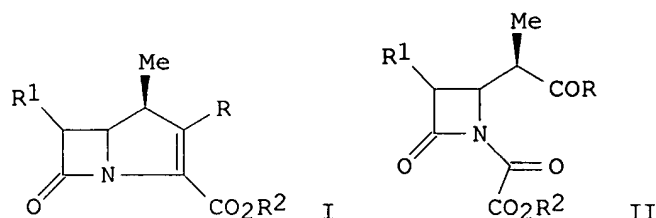
RX(2) OF 13



FILE COPY

AN 1994:482867 CAPLUS
 DN 121:82867
 TI Preparation of carbapenem derivative as antibacterial agent and its intermediate
 IN Ishida, Yohei; Saito, Takashi; Nishi, Toshuki; Hayano, Takeshi
 PA Daiichi Seiyaku Co, Japan
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DT Patent
 LA Japanese
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 06016671	A2	19940125	JP 1992-173194	19920630
	JP 3040600	B2	20000515		
PRAI	JP 1992-173194		19920630		
OS	CASREACT 121:82867; MARPAT 121:82867				
GI					



AB The title compds. [I; R = Q; R1 = alkyl, (un)protected hydroxyalkyl; R2 = H, HO2C-protective group; R3, R6, R7 = H, alkyl, protective group; R4 = H, alkyl, halo, (un)protected OH or hydroxyalkyl; R5 = H, alkyl, halo, (un)protected OH, CO2H, or hydroxyalkyl; Z = CH2, O, S, NHCO, CONH; m, n = 0-4], useful as antibacterial agents with excellent in vivo stability and antibacterial activity (no data) are prepd. by cyclization of N-(allyloxalyl)[(pyrrolidinylthio)carbonyl]azetidine derivs. (II; R = Q; R1 - R7, Z, m, n = same as above) with P(R8)3 (R8 = alkoxy, aryloxy, dialkylamino). This process is simple and inexpensive and gives .beta.-lactams of high purity. Thus, a soln. 0.09 mL P(OEt)3 in xylene was added dropwise to a soln. of azetidinone deriv. II [R = Q1, R1 = (R)-MeCHOR9, R9 = allyloxycarbonyl, R2 = allyl] in xylene under refluxing and the refluxing was continued for addnl 16 h to give carbapenem deriv. I [R = Q1, R1 = (R)-MeCHOR9, R9 = allyloxycarbonyl, R2 = allyl] which was dissolved in CH2Cl2 and stirred with [Ph3P]4Pd(0), Bu3SnH, 1 N aq. HCl, and H2O under Ar to give I [R = Q1, R1 = (R)-MeCHOH, R2 = R9 = H].

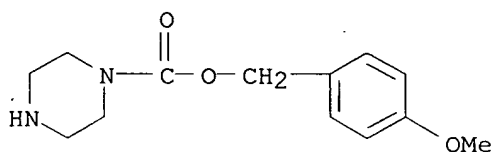
IT 131004-30-3, 1-(p-Methoxybenzyloxycarbonyl)piperazine

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(condensation of, with hydroxyproline benzotriazolyl ester deriv.)

RN 131004-30-3 CAPLUS.

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, (4-methoxyphenyl)methyl ester (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

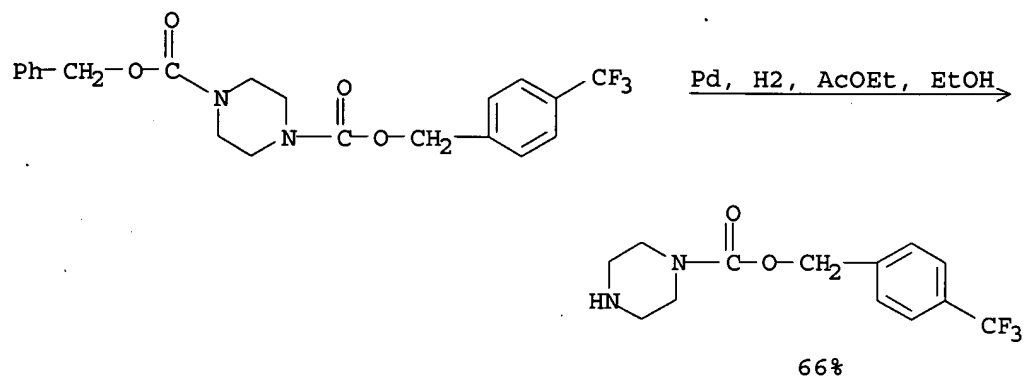


L18 ANSWER 148 OF 219 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

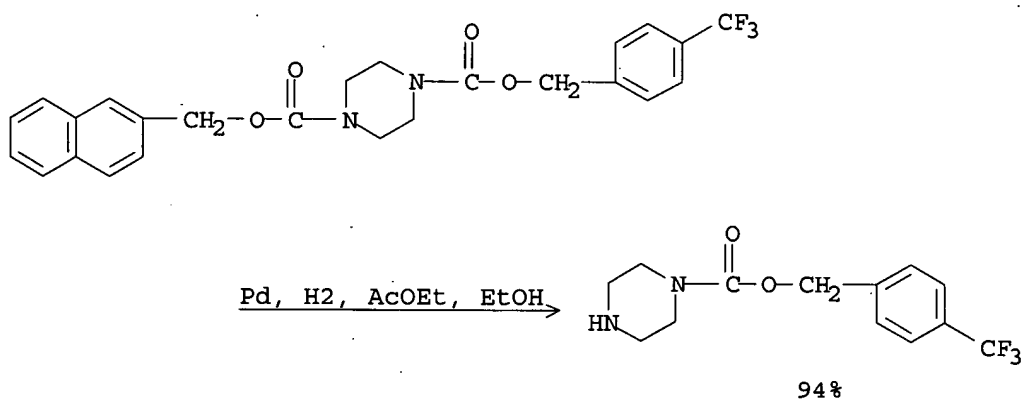
AN 1994:404529 CAPLUS

10/010058

RX(3) OF 13



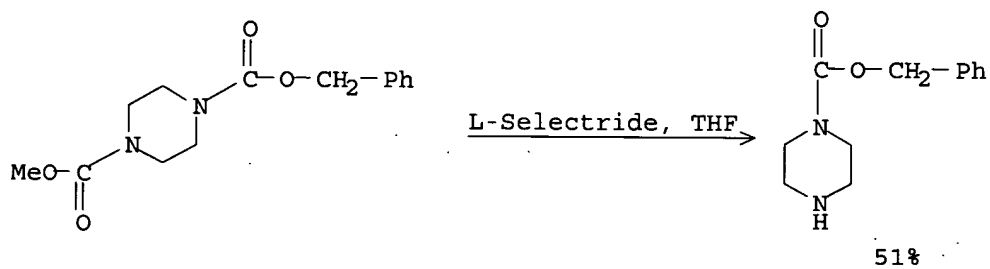
RX(4) OF 13



=> d 2-4 crd

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

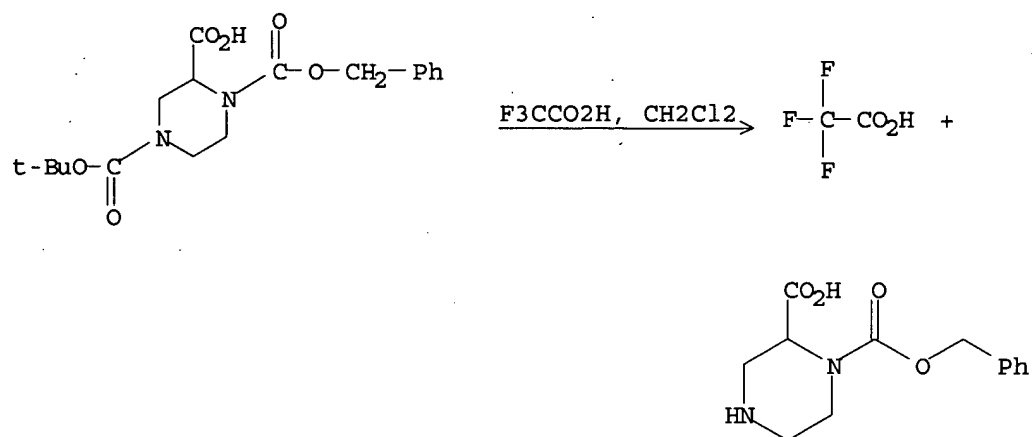
RX(6) OF 9



L8 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

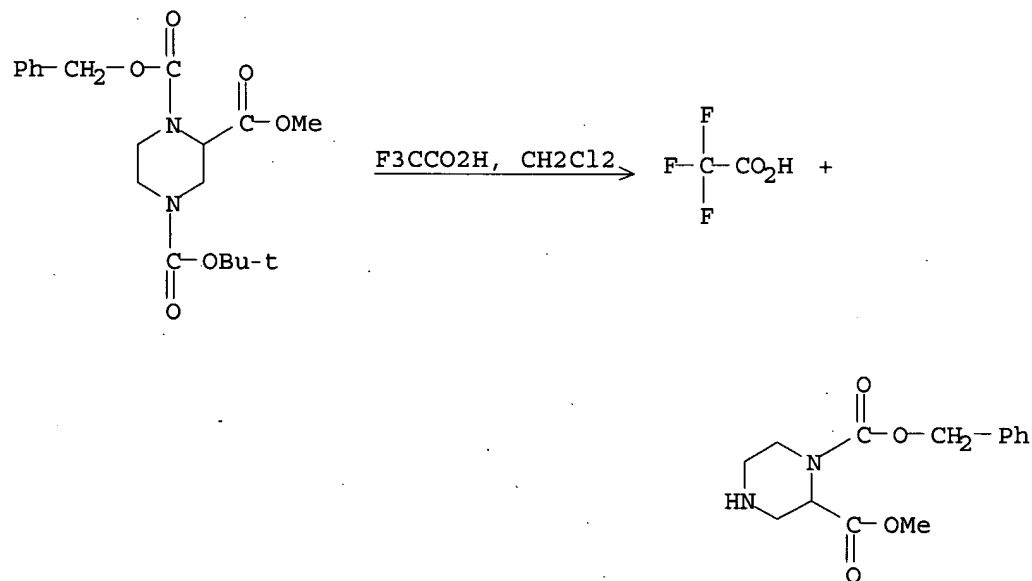
10/010058

RX(1) OF 5



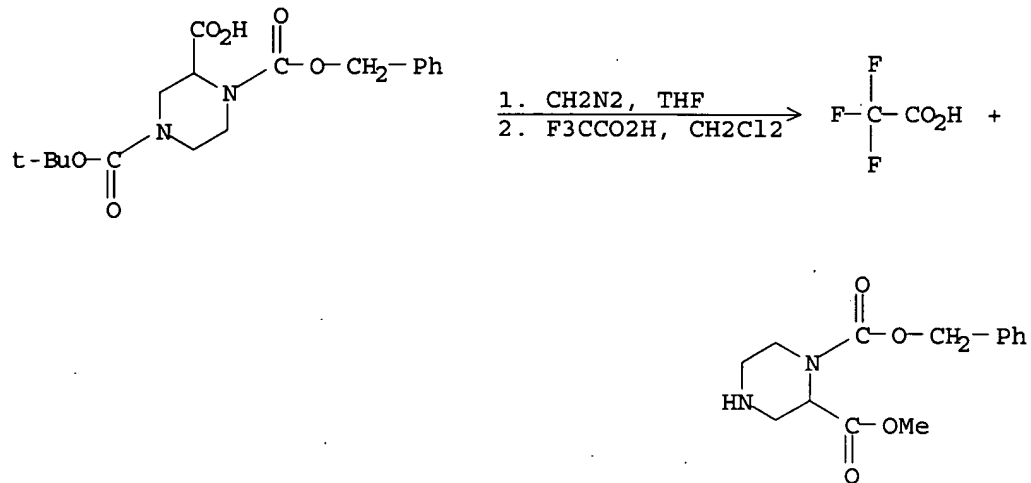
L8 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RX(4) OF 26

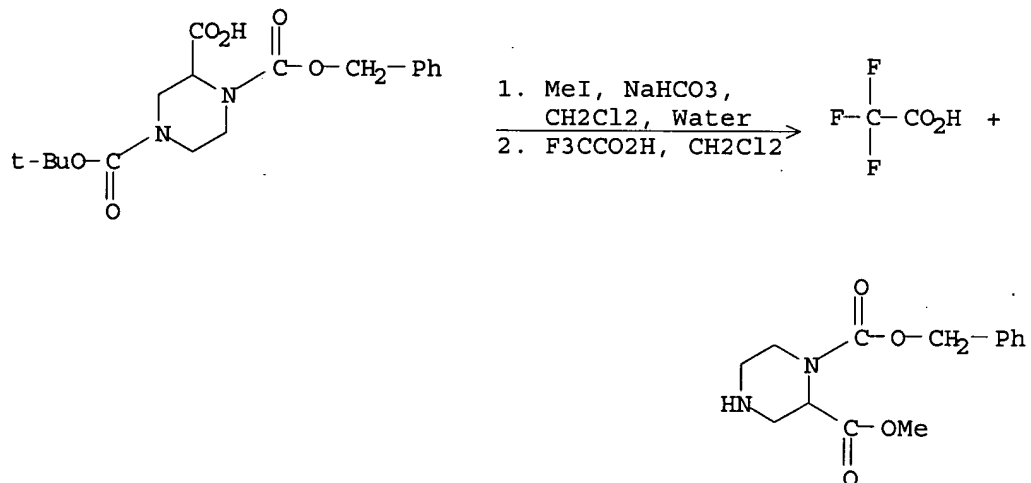


10/010058

RX(11) OF 26 - 2 STEPS



RX(12) OF 26 - 2 STEPS



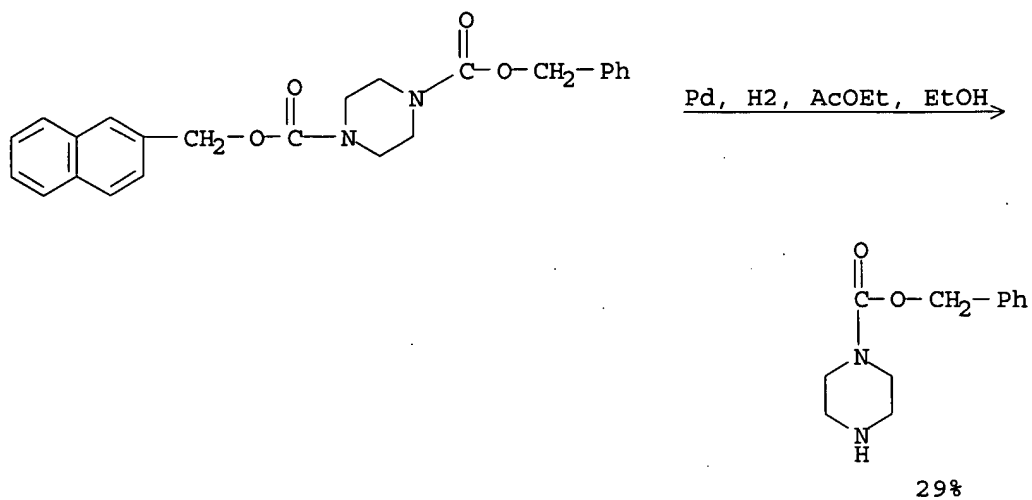
NOTE: 1) Adogen 464 present

=> d 1-4 crdref abs

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

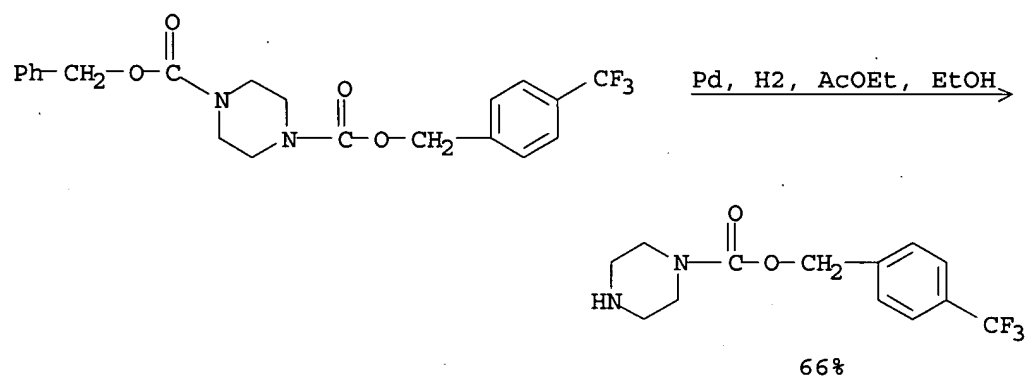
10/010058

RX(2) OF 13



REF: Organic Letters, 2(8), 1049-1051; 2000

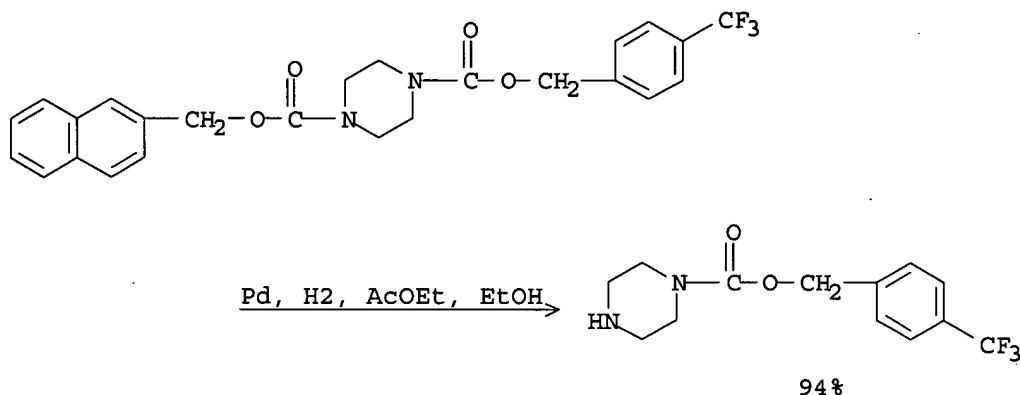
RX(3) OF 13



REF: Organic Letters, 2(8), 1049-1051; 2000

10/010058

RX(4) OF 13

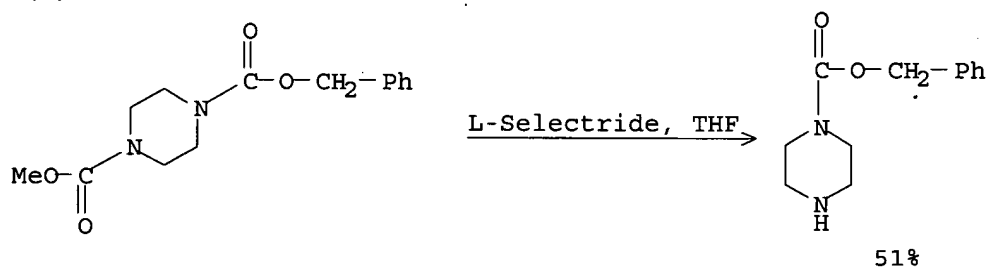


REF: Organic Letters, 2(8), 1049-1051; 2000

AB Highly efficient and selective hydrogenolysis of the 2-naphthylmethyl carbamate group (CNAP) in the presence of the 4-trifluoromethylbenzyl carbamate group (CTFB) has been obsd. for a wide range of substrates. For example, the selective hydrogenolysis of 1,3-phenylenebis[carbamic acid] 1-(2-naphthalenylmethyl) 3-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl ester in the presence of 10% Pd/C in hydrogen-satd. Et acetate-ethanol for 30 min. gave (3-aminophenyl)carbamic acid [4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl ester in 97% yield. The CFTB group is removable by hydrogenation over either 60 mg/mmol substrate of 10% Pd/C or with 20 mg/mmol substrate 20% Pd(OH)₂ (Pearlman's catalyst).

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RX(6) OF 9



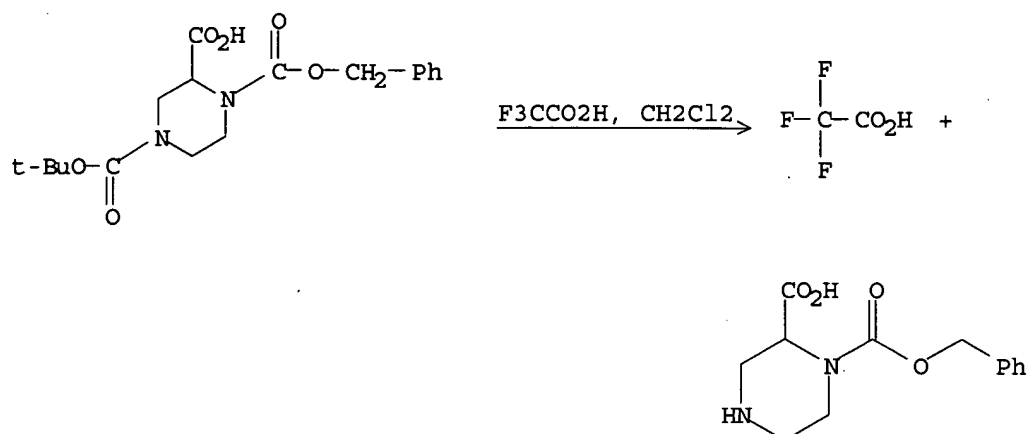
REF: Tetrahedron Letters, 39(49), 8933-8934; 1998

AB L-Selectride selectively cleaves Me carbamates in the presence of more sterically demanding carbamates, including the selective cleavage of a Me carbamate in the presence of an N-Boc group.

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

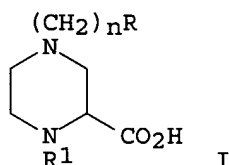
10/010058

RX(1) OF 5



REF: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 33(10), 2916-24; 1990

GI

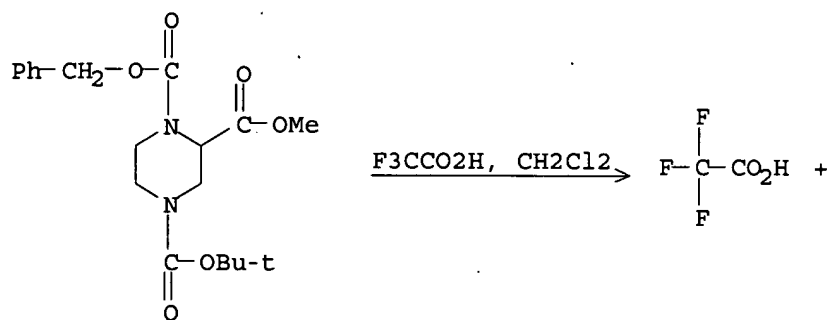


AB Fourteen new CPP analogs I [$n = 1, 3$, $\text{R} = \text{CO}_2\text{H}$; $n = 2, 4$, $\text{R} = \text{PO}_3\text{H}_2$; $n = 1$, $\text{R} = \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{PO}_3\text{H}_2$ -3; $n = 0$, $\text{R} = 2$ - or 3 - $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2\text{PC}_6\text{H}_4$, $\text{CHPhPO}_3\text{H}_2$, $\text{COC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ -2; $\text{R}_1 = \text{H}$; $n = 2$, $\text{R} = \text{PO}_3\text{H}_2$, $\text{R}_1 = \text{Me}$, $(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{CHPh}_2$, $(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CHPh}_2$, $(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{Ph}$, $(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{CH:CPh}_2$] have been prepd. via protected (+-)-2-piperazinecarboxylate derivs. I were evaluated as N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) ligands by their ability to displace tritiated I ($n = 3$, $\text{R} = \text{PO}_3\text{H}_2$, $\text{R}_1 = \text{H}$) from rat cortical membranes. The binding affinity of various chain lengths at N4 of I mimics the binding affinity obsd. for the acyclic derivs. $\text{H}_2\text{O}_3\text{P}(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{CH}(\text{NH}_2)\text{CO}_2\text{H}$ ($m = 2, 4, 6$). Analog I ($n = 1$, $\text{R} = \text{PO}_3\text{H}_2$, $\text{R}_1 = \text{H}$), with a single methylene group in its phosphonate side chain, exhibited diminished affinity for the NMDA receptor when compared to the structurally similar piperidine compd. CGS 19755. Replacement of the phosphonic acid moiety with monoionizable acidic groups such as a carboxylate or a phosphinate resulted in a redn. of binding affinity. An aryl spacer between N4 and the distal acidic group was detrimental to binding, as was alkylation at N1. Steric bulk, however, was better tolerated when a Ph group was positioned α . to the phosphonate, as seen with analogs I ($n = 0$, $\text{R} = \text{CHPhPO}_3\text{H}_2$, $\text{R}_1 = \text{H}$).

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

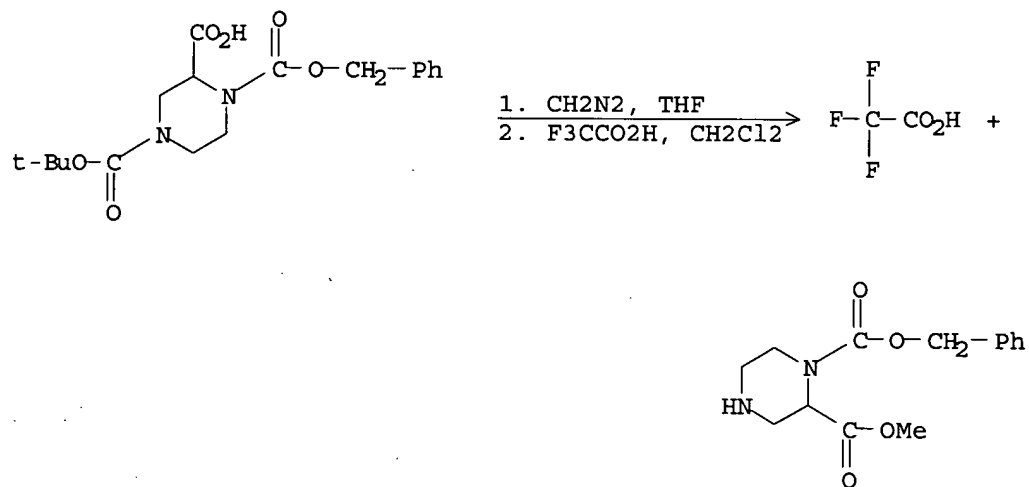
10/010058

RX(4) OF 26



REF: Tetrahedron Letters, 30(39), 5193-6; 1989

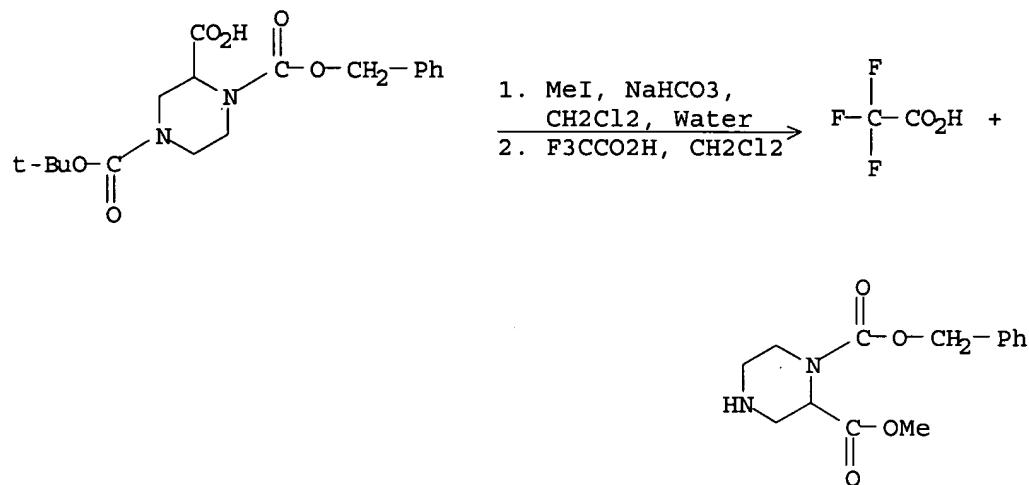
RX(11) OF 26 - 2 STEPS



REF: Tetrahedron Letters, 30(39), 5193-6; 1989

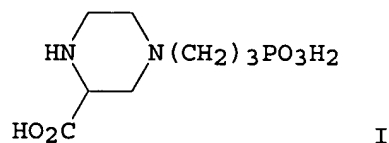
10/010058

RX(12) OF 26 - 2 STEPS



REF: Tetrahedron Letters, 30(39), 5193-6; 1989
NOTE: 1) Adogen 464 present

GI



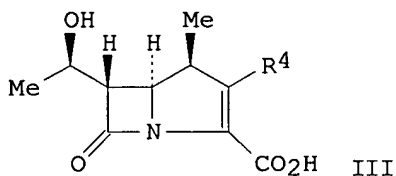
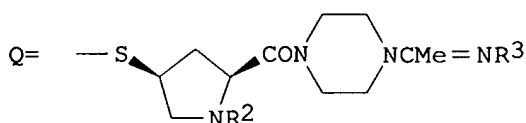
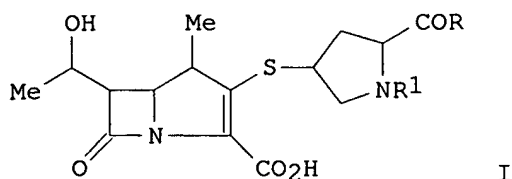
AB Two new methods to ensure selective alkylation at N-4 of 2-piperazinecarboxylic acid to give 4-(3-phosphonopropyl)-2-piperazinecarboxylic acid (I) are reported. I was conveniently prepd. using a copper chelate to selectively protect the N-1 position during alkylation. A second procedure used methyl-4-BOC-1-CBZ-2-piperazinecarboxylate as a versatile intermediate, which was further elaborated to give I.

=>

10/010058

DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 518558	A1	19921216	EP 1992-305130	19920604
	EP 518558	B1	19980902		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
	CA 2070305	AA	19921205	CA 1992-2070305	19920603
	NO 9202185	A	19921207	NO 1992-2185	19920603
	AU 9217390	A1	19930311	AU 1992-17390	19920603
	AU 651887	B2	19940804		
	JP 05339269	A2	19931221	JP 1992-142286	19920603
	JP 2559949	B2	19961204		
	IL 102093	A1	19961205	IL 1992-102093	19920603
	RU 2093514	C1	19971020	RU 1992-5052110	19920603
	HU 61551	A2	19930128	HU 1992-1871	19920604
	HU 218289	B	20000728		
	ZA 9204081	A	19930224	ZA 1992-4081	19920604
	CN 1069494	A	19930303	CN 1992-108826	19920604
	CN 1030767	B	19960124		
	AT 170521	E	19980915	AT 1992-305130	19920604
	ES 2120992	T3	19981116	ES 1992-305130	19920604
	US 5866564	A	19990202	US 1997-889542	19970708
PRAI	JP 1991-131545	A	19910604		
	JP 1991-345737	A	19911227		
	JP 1992-30521	A	19920218		
	JP 1992-91283	A	19920410		
	JP 1992-52163	A	19920311		
	US 1992-894004	B1	19920603		
	JP 1992-244953	A	19920914		
	JP 1992-246578	A	19920916		
	US 1993-29779	B1	19930311		
	US 1993-81848	B1	19930622		
	US 1994-288987	B2	19940811		
	US 1994-293378	B2	19940819		
	US 1995-472850	A3	19950606		
OS	MARPAT 118:233765				
GI					



AB Title compds. [I; R = N-contg. heterocyclyl(amino), [(1-iminoalkyl)amino]alkylamino, etc.; R1 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, 1-iminoalkyl, etc.] were prepd. as antibiotics (no data). Thus, (2S,4S)-4-(4-methoxybenzylthio)-1-(4-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl)-2-pyrrolidinecarboxylic acid was condensed with 1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine and the product converted in 3 steps to mercaptopyrrolidinecarboxylate QH [R2 = R3 = CO2CH2C6H4(NO2)-4] (II). 4-Nitrobenzyl (1R, 5R, 6S)-6-[(1R)-1-hydroxyethyl]-1-methyl-2-oxocarbapenam-3-carboxylate was treated with Ph2POCl and (Me2CH)2NEt in MeCN followed by addn. of II to give, after deprotection, title compd. III (R4 = Q, R2 = R3 = H).

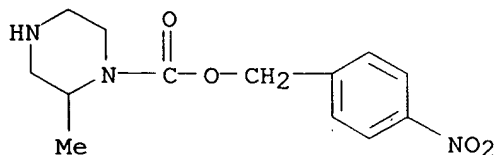
IT 147081-26-3 147081-33-2 147081-35-4

147081-37-6 147081-62-7 147081-74-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, in prepn. of antibiotics)

RN 147081-26-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

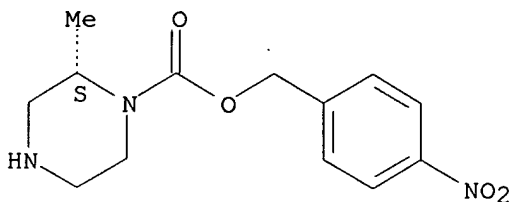


excluded

RN 147081-33-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester, (S)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

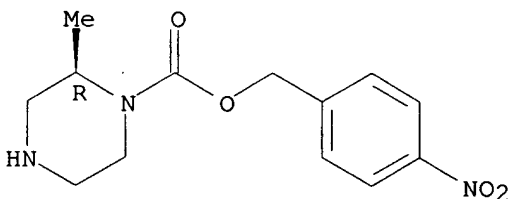


excluded

RN 147081-35-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 2-methyl-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester, (R)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

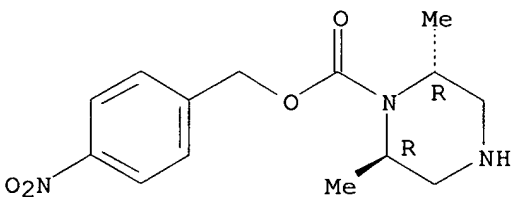
Absolute stereochemistry.



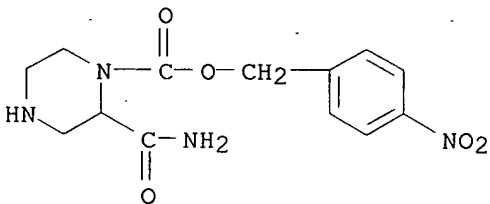
RN 147081-37-6 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 2,6-dimethyl-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl ester,
trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 147081-62-7 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazinecarboxylic acid, 2-(aminocarbonyl)-, (4-nitrophenyl)methyl
ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 147081-74-1 CAPLUS

CN 1,2-Piperazinedicarboxylic acid, bis[(4-nitrophenyl)methyl] ester (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)